

Volume 8

Number 4

Available by subscription only

February 1997

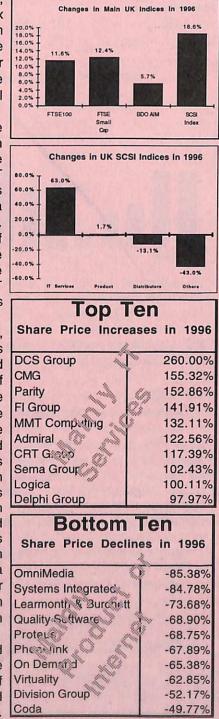
Winners...and losers...in 1996

Although our SCSI Share Index increased by 18.6% in 1996, this was far lower than the 50% increase reported

in 1995. Even so, our SCSI Index increased more than the 11.6% increase in the FTSE100 or the 12.4% increase in the FTSE Small Cap. Index.

However, within the 84 companies which currently constitute the Index, IT services companies led the way with a 63% increase. Indeed, the ranks of Top Ten share price rises in 1996 were dominated by IT Services companies.

Conversely, Software Products companies recorded share price rises of just 2%. Indeed, the situation would have been even worse had we not included such companies as Sage and Misys in Products the Both category. companies recorded significant price rises in 1996 but both companies make a majority of their revenues from services rather than product sales. Companies involved mainly in the of distribution product had a bad year with a 13% fall.



But it was the "Other" category - which mainly consisted of Internet companies and Service providers - which fell the most registering a 43% fall in 1996.

ISSN 0967-2583

Indeed, the ranks of the Top Ten largest share price falls in 1996 were dominated by product or Internet companies.

Long term?

We started our SCSI Index seven years ago in 1989. The long term gainers are all IT services companies (or in the case of Sage, making the majority of their revenues from services). If you had invested in **Comac** (the predecessor to **Parity**) your investment would now be worth a massive 24-times more.

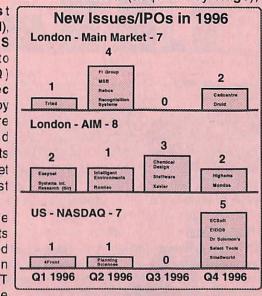
Gainers since April 1989

1 - Parity	Up 24-fold
2 - Sage	Up 19-fold
3 - Capita	Up 14-fold
4 - Admiral	Up 12-fold

New Entrants

Only 15 new SCSI companies gained a UK quote in 1996. Set against that **CentreGold** (acquired by **Rage**),

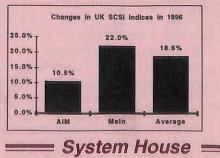
Firecrest (suspended). LBMS (moved to NASDAQ) and Vistec (acquired by Lynx) were removed from the lists making a net gain of just 11. Again the new entrants had a mixed reception with IT service



companies getting the best send off. FI Group's 241% rise since their Mar. 96 float was by far the best performing newcomer.

AIM

The AIM market attracted 8 new SCSI entrants in the year making a total of 14. We would have expected the new junior market to attract far more SCSI companies.



February 1997



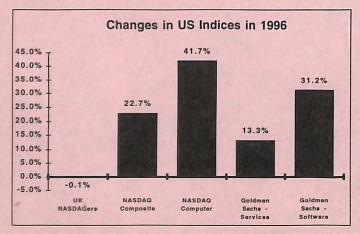
Continued from page one

The SCSI AIM Index was up just 10.5% in 1996 compared with the SCSI Main market Index which rose by 22%. This was, however, still better than the minimal 5.7% increase in the **BDO Index** of all AIM quoted companies. Again the best performing SCSI AIM companies were IT Services companies with newcomer **Highams** heading the list with a 90% gain (equating to a 236% increase since their debut). It is interesting to note that **Lorien** - the VERY first AIM listing in June 1995 - rose by a further 62% in 1996 but is now to move to the Main market. Conversely the very first AIM suspension was of **Firecrest** - an Internet access company.

NASDAQ

As we reported last month, seven UK SCSI companies chose a NASDAQ IPO in 1996; making 10 UK companies in total. Although **Micro Focus** recorded the highest gain - up 87% - the best newcomer was **Select Tools** - up 24%.

However, these gains could not compensate for decreases elsewhere and the "UK SCSI NASDAQ" Index was down 0.1% in 1996. This compares with a 23% increase in the NASDAQ Composite Index and a 42% increase in the Computer sub section.



In 1996 **Goldman Sachs** introduced a number of Technology Indices. Their Software Index (GSO) which includes companies like Microsoft and Novell, rose by 31% in 1996 whereas the Services Index (GSV) was up by just 13%. The main reason for this meagre services performance is that **EDS**, which has fallen significantly in 1996, makes up 22% of the Index.

Selection

One of the reasons given in our review last month for UK companies choosing to go onto NASDAQ was the almost 100% hit rate from US institutional investors.

So is selection really worth the hassle?

If you had invested in EVERY new issue in the last three years your portfolio would be showing a 60% gain! Indeed, if you had invested in EVERY new issue in 1996 - including the dogs like **SiR** which has lost 84% of its value since launch - you would be showing a 25% gain - substantially higher than the 18% rise in our SCSI Index!

Almost every Investment Trust we know would be happy to claim such growth rates.

But if you had been really astute (or lucky) in which new issues should you have put your money? **Unipalm** leads the new issues with its 350% rise - indeed if you had accepted UUNet shares instead of cash, you would have doubled that again! But **Oxford Molecular** (up 345%), **System House** **RM** (up 254%) and **Moorepay** (up 250%) would have produced a quite exceptional return. A third of the 34 new issues are currently trading at *twice* their new issue price; more than compensating for the one third currently trading at *less* than their new issue price.

Capitalisation

1996 was the		A BAR BULLING	
		Capitalisation	Capitalisation
first year	MALE AND PROPERTY		chg. in 1996
when a UK-			
quoted SCSI	Sema Group	£1,207.0m	£705.3m
and a second s	Misys	£950.1m	£472.4m
company	Logica	£583.2m	£295.9m
	Sage Group	£568.7m	£221.3m
billion market	CMG	£538.4m	
cap. Indeed,	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER		

Sema ended the year worth £1.2b - up a staggering £705m on the year. But Misys - up £472m at £950m - could well soon be the second.

Revaluation

The revaluation of the SCSI sector continued. Given that earnings, measured by EPS, have increased by around



20% in each of the last two years, average P/Es have increased from 15 in April 1995 to 29 in Dec. 96 - inferring a re-rating of at least 60%.

We now have IT Services companies like **Admiral**, **Capita**, **CMG**, **Logica** and **Sema** all trading on P/Es in excess of 30 with **FI Group** currently on an historic P/E approaching 50!

The Future?

Harold MacMillan, when Prime Minister, was asked what he most feared most. He replied "Events, dear boy, Events". The future performance of our industry - and the share prices of SCSI quoted companies - will be affected (both negatively and positively) by Events. Events include the Year 2000 and the Euro - which will have a positive effect on performance in the next three years, but could well contribute to a major SCSI recession in 2001+. A General Election in the UK in 1997 is at least a certainty! We happen to believe it will have little negative effect on our industry.

But a re-rating (downwards) of IT stocks in the US is the most feared *event*. Regardless of logic, it would effect UK stocks more than any other *event* we know.

F•I•GROUP PLC

FI Group announced its results for the six months to 31st Oct. 96 showing rev. up 24% at £46.3m,

PBT up 30% at £954K and EPS up 22%. "The second half has started well".

FI Group was a new issue in Mar. 96 at 235p and has been one of the best performers since, ending Jan. 97 on 598p! More next month and on our web page.

February 1997

Staffware profits warning

Shares in AIM newcomer **Staffware** plunged by 27% to 190p this month as a result of a profits warning. This is becoming too common an occurrence nowadays.

Staffware specialises in workflow systems and was a new AIM entrant in July 96 at 225p. It had - of course - had an impressive growth record prior to float (see *System House* Aug. 96) with PBT of £536K on revenues of £4.3m in 1995. We had been led to expect PBT of £2m in 1996.

However we now understand that 1996 has been "adversely affected" by a shortfall in US earnings and some orders "falling into the new FY". It now does "not expect 1996 to meet market expectations". Expenses associated with recruitment, together with the costs of the abortive acquisition of CSE in Australia, will have an effect on second half profits.

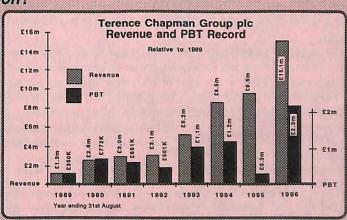
Our industry has been bugged by companies coming to the market at high valuations - and, to be fair, often a good track record - only to fail in the first year. *It all leaves a bad taste in the mouth.* We then have to explain why other new entrants are not going to do an MDIS, Coda, Staffware etc. The argument is getting more difficult.

Surely Terence Chapman Group will float soon?

We have featured **Terence Chapman Group** - which specialises in software and services to the financial services sector - for many years fully expecting a float. As results for the year to 31st Aug. 96 show rev. up 59% at £15.1m, PBT up six-fold at £2.3m and EPS up 856%, is the wait almost over?

As the chart shows, there was an element of "recovery" from the "glitch" in 1995 caused by some delayed contracts. "All three operating divisions (TCA Synergo with their TAROT stock broking system, TCA Syntech with their Open Hub product and TCA Consulting) have had a fantastic year...the current year is showing signs of being even better" said Chairman Terence Chapman. Vega - Still Boring after the events of the last year Vega is one of our rare Boring Award winners which has not let us down. However, growth in the six months to 31st Oct. 96 was hardly exciting either! Although rev. advanced 22% to £8.8m - £677K of that was from the acquisition of Kortekerwal B.V (Aug. 96 for £4.3m). PBT advanced by 11% to £1.4m but EPS was up just 8%. But the really good news at Vega is that "the flow of new contracts" has been particularly strong; including the first two civil aircraft training contracts. In addition, in Vega's established defence/aerospace markets, a new £4m deal with the British Army has been added to a range of new and extension contracts. Given that "the order book has increased significantly" Chairman Robert Drummond is perhaps justified in looking forward with "confidence". Vega shares rose in Jan. by 15% as a result.

Footnote: Kelvin Harrison, who was MD of Vega until Apr. 96 when he *"unexpectedly resigned"* has been appointed this month as CEO of **Symbionics** - a privately owned company specialising in data, voice and video technology where about 60% of the c£10m rev. is software related. *We will watch with great interest.*



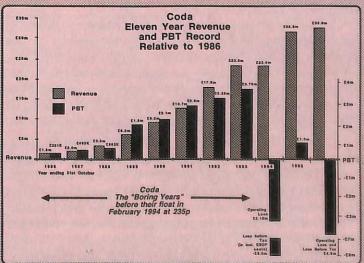
Coda - Perhaps we should say "No comment"

We should have stopped reviewing **Coda** years ago. After awarding them a **Boring Award** just before their float at 235p, we then had to eat our words when they plunged to an £8m loss in 1994 and the share price hit a low of 75p. Just a year ago we headlined "*Coda - Boring again*" as the share price hit 230p again as they returned to profit. But we had to eat those words again in June as a profits warning was issued and the shares slumped back down to a low of 96p.

So how do we review Coda now? Whatever we say we suggest you don't take a blind bit of notice. At the headline level, revenues in the year to 31st Oct. 96 increased by a minimal 3% to £33.9m but losses of £4.9m were recorded compared with PBT of £1m last time. "Restructuring in the US" was "the principal reason".

As might be expected it was the 18% reduction in proprietary revenues - most pronounced in the 23% reduction in DEC VAX - which caused the grief in each of the last three years. Open systems rev. increased by 33% to £18.2m or over 50% of the total for the first time. 40% of new licences were for MS NT. The UK (+74%), Benelux (+79%) and France (+156%) were the best performers but US rev. declined by 14%.

Overall licence rev. was down 10%. But it was (yes,



you've guessed) professional services - up 19% at £10.1m and maintenance up 14% at £8.9m - which saved Coda from an even worse result. Services and support now represent 56% of revenues.

The market hoped that the worse was over and the shares rose 18% to end Jan. 97 on 127p. Probably better for us to make no further comment!

—— System House

DIAGONAL

Last month **Diagonal plc** announced its intention to seek a full stock market float. This is currently planned for mid-March. Diagonal is the first and only such Farnham-HQed company to go for a Stock Exchange listing.

When we visited Chairman and CEO Mark Samuels to produce this review, we were castigated for our "Diagonal - another IT staff agency to float" headline

last month. Samuels doesn't like the tag line even though about half the revenue still seems to us to come from this activity! Mark Samuels was with P-E International between 1972 and 1987 and, as MD, took P-E to the stock market in 1986. About a year after leaving, Samuels and others from P-E set up Diagonal in 1988 with £750K of their own money with **3i.** investing £1.5m for a 29% stake. This enabled them to acquire Strand and MAPP.

Diagonal now consists of the following activities:

• SAP Consulting (around £7m revenue) where they have recently, alongside Andersen Consulting and Origin, been voted SAP's *"Excellence Award"* by customers. In this activity, they could be likened to **Druid** which itself gained a Stock Market quote in Nov. 1996.

Strand (around £3m revenues) which is a SAP IT contract agency.

• Managed Projects (around £3m revenues) which typically works long term with blue chip clients like Asda, Nat West etc. Their long term support contracts could be likened to application management.

• MAPP (around £10.5m revenues) is a general IT staff agency...and also seems, at 5%, to be making the typical kind of IT agency profit margins.

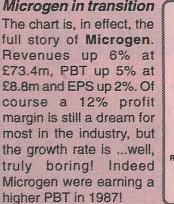
• Information Systems is a general consultancy with revenues of around £4m. Diagonal's campaign recruitment operation, Marshall-Wilkins (revenue £600K) has been merged into this division.

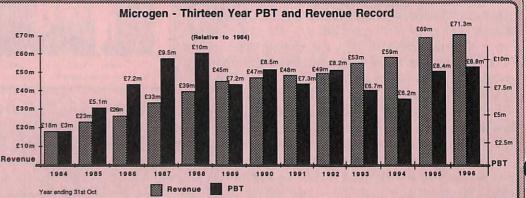
Growth has been exemplary - one might even be forced to describe it as "**Boring**" in the future as there does not seem to have been any reversals since inception. In the year to 30th Nov. 96, it looks as if both revenues and PBT grew by around 45% to £28.4m and £2.0m respectively.

In 1994, **Gartmore** bought in with a 4.5% stake. They and 3i. (29%) are the only external shareholders with directors (35%), staff (25%) and ex-directors/employees holding the remainder.

It looks as though about £10m will be raised in the float with £4m being new funds allowing Diagonal to reduce borrowings etc.

We expect a valuation of £40m. Druid was floated on an historic P/E of 37 but has still seen its share price rise by 57% since! A modest 47 P/E! We expect Diagonal to have a P/E in the low 20s - thus providing considerable scope for further gains. Diagonal is exactly the kind of company which should do well in the next few years. It seems to be well managed by *"experienced"* practitioners. On top of that, if it really wants to be rated as an IT consultancy - rather than an IT staff agency - it has significant scope to improve its rather pedestrian current 7% profit margin.





Microgen's COM services are in terminal decline - as an example a substantial contract with a Finnish bank has come to an early end. Microgen has not only recognised this but has worked hard to develop other information archiving markets. But we all know transition can be difficult. Being charitable, Microgen seems to have weathered the storm better than most. COM has remained a cash cow even though revenues have fallen. This has, as Chairman Douglas Lee says *"masked the substantial progress made in re-engineering the business"*. Indeed their newer Information Management/FM business *"is growing quickly and, for the first time, represents more than half group turnover"*. Perhaps the future may, indeed, be more exciting than the past.

Misys' organic growth hardly exciting

Results for the six months to 30th Nov. 96 at **Misys** were largely as expected. Rev. increased 10% to £142.8m - which could hardly be described as exciting. But PBT was up 23% at £23.7m and EPS up 20%. Banking - now 51% of the total - was the strongest performer with rev. up 14% and profits up 25% at £15.4m. But *"slow market conditions were experienced in the General Insurance sector"* which meant profits declined by 5% to £5.5m on rev. up 11% at £20m. The transaction processing operation, however, performed *"excellently"*. But rev. at Information Systems grew only modestly to £49.6m but, at least, profits were up 21% at £4.4m.

Chairman Kevin Lomax said that the recent acquisitions of Frustum and Summit had performed "at least as good as the best expectations" and that "further small to medium sized deals" were planned. "With continued good order intake, particularly in the Banking Div., the board is confident that Misys should record strong further progress". Anyway, Misys shares ended Jan. 97 on £11.13p - that's 89% higher than a year ago. As we told Nicholas Denton of

the FT "Just think what they could now be worth in a NASDAQ IPO"

Quo	ted Com	oanies - I	Results S	ervice	Note: S	haded = Results	announced this m	onth.	
		Admiral p	Tesuits 5 Dic 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 10				nic Data Pro	ocessing plc	
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 30,204,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 65,460,000	Interim - Jun 96 £ 43,009,000	Comparision +42.4%	REV	Final - Sep 95 £ 12,605,000		Final - Sep 961 £ 14,267,0001	Comparision +13.2%
PBT	£ 5,589,000 6,40p	£ 9,832,000 10,72p	£ 5,180,000 5.50p	-7.3% -14.1%		£ 3,083,000 7.53p		£ 2,519,000 6.64p	-18.3% -11.8%
		AFA System	s plc				F.I. Group	plc	
Final	- Dec 95 (5 mos) £ 0	Final - Apr 961 £ 217,000	Interim - Jun 96 £ 237,000	Comparision n/a	REV	Final - Apr 95 £ 61,703,000		Final - Apr 96 £ 78,824,000	Comparision +27.7%
PBT EPS	-£ 121,000	-£ 133,000 n/a	-£ 229,000 -3.06p	Both loss Loss both	PBT	£ 3,260,000 7.60p		£ 3,763,000 7,70p	+15.4% +1.3%
		Anite Group	o pic		,	F	lomerics Gro	oup plc	
HEV	In terim - Oct 95	Final - Apr 96 £ 262,838,000	Interim - Oct 96 £ 103,533,000	Comparision +19.7%	REV	Interim -Jun 95 £ 1,541,240		Interim - Jun 961 £ 2,146,5591	Comparision +39.3%
PBT	-£ 14,594,000 -6.30p	-£ 19,378,000 -8,40p	-£ 63,454,000 -27.40p	Loss both Loss both	PBT	-£ 110,288 n/a	£ 415,565 11.00p	-£ 154,643 n/a	loss both n/a
		Azlan Grou	p plc			Gre	sham Comp	uting plc	
REV	Interim - Sep 951 £ 72,716,0001	Final - Mar 96 £ 196,459,000	Interim - Sep 96 £ 126,464,000		REV	Final - Oct 95 £ 7,895,000		Final - Oct 96 £ 9,271,000	Comparision +17.4%
PBT EPS	£ 4,445,000 13,60p	£ 10,507,000 30.30p	£ 6,034,000 15,00p		PBT EPS	£ 1,281,000 2,36p		£ 1,682,000 3.15p	+31.3% +33.5%
2103	the second se	adcentre Gro	oup plc	+10.076	LICONT	Highams S	Systems Ser	vices Group	plc
REV	Final - Mar 95		Final - Mar 96 £ 14,196,000	Comparision +18.9%	HEV	Interim - Sep 95 n/a	Final - Mar 96 £ 13,227,496	Interim - Sep 96 £ 7,359,000	Comparision n/a
PBT EPS	£ 556,000 n/a		£ 1,669,000 n/a	+200.2% n/a		n/a n/a	£ 899,067 7,20p	£ 388,000 3,30p	n/a n/a
LIGI	11/4}	Capita Grou	p plc			and all miles 12	INSTEM	plc	
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 43,418,000	Final - Dec 951 £ 86,994,0001	Interim - Jun 96 £ 50,067,000	Comparision +15.3%	REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 11,205,000	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96 £ 10,740,000	Comparision -4.1%
PBT EPS	£ 4,011,000 5.00p	£ 9,420,000 11.80p	£ 4,588,000 5.50p	+14.4%	PBT	£ 577,000 8,40p			-30.3% -31.0%
		Cedardata	plc			Intelliger	t Environme	nts Group p	lc
HEV	Interim - Sep 95	Final - Mar 96	Interim - Sep 96 £ 5,661,000	Comparision +6.2%	AEV.	Interim - Jun 95 £ 2,026,000	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96 £ 2,028,000	Comparision +0.1%
PBT	£ 1,995,000 4.20p	£ 4,384,000 9.50p	£ 1,935,000 4,10p	-3.0%	PBT	-£ 3,000 -0,10p	£ 202,000	£ 35,000	Loss to profit
EFS!		CFS Group	plc	-2.4%	CF3		JBA Holding	is plc	
REVI	Interim - Jun 951 £ 1,276,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 2,986,520	Interim - Jun 96 £ 1,751,000	Comparision +37.2%	REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 49,464,000			Comparision +41.2%
PBT EPS	-£ 66,000 -1.50p	£ 384,675 4,77p	£ 26,000 1.60p	Loss to profit	PBT	£ 754,000 1,43p	£ 8,714,000	£ 1,362,000	+80.6%
LFS	Statement of the local division of the local	cal Design	the second s	Eloss to prom	LIS	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.	zoo Comput	er Group plo	
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 512,645	Final - Dec 95 £ 1,811,407	Interim - Jun 96 £ 863,015		REV	Interim - Sep 95 £ 32,358,000		Interim - Sep 96 £ 35,218,000	Comparision +8.8%
PBT	-£ 151,810	£ 239,488 3.50p	£ 52,478 0.69p	Loss to profit	PBT	£ 2,012,000 3.66p	£ 5,882,000	£ 2,340,000	+16.3%
LFOI		inical Compu Final - Dec 95			LF3		Kewill Syste	ms pic	
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 924,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 2,355,178			BEV	Interim - Sep 95 £ 16,567,000	Final - Mar 96	Interim - Sep 96	Comparision +19.7%
PBT	-£ 357,000 -2.20p	-£ 546,832 -3,40p	-£ 573,000 -3,40p	Loss both	PBT	£ 2,613,000 14.60p	£ 6,061,000	£ 3,243,000	+24.1% +19.9%
EF31	-2.2003	CMG p Final - Dec 95	The state of the s	EUSS DOIN	LFS	14.000	Logica	And a subscription of the second s	+19.976
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 94,559,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 196,484,000	Interim - Jun 96 £ 116,616,000	Comparision +23.3%	REV	Final - Jun 95 £ 250,135,000		Final - Jun 96 £ 284,810,000	
PBT EPS	£ 8,640,000 8,90p	£ 18,460,000 18.20p	£ 11,340,000	+31.3%	PBT	£ 20,310,000 21,70p		£ 24,710,000 27,10p	
		Coda Grou	p plc				Lorien p	olc	
HEV	E 32,791,000		£ 33,889,000	+3.3%	REV	£ 11,527,000	£ 29,109,000		
PBT	£ 1,030,000 2.50p		-£ 4,899,000 -18,80p			£ 414,000 6.17p			
		Compel Gro					Lynx Holdin	as plc	
REV	Final - Jun 95 £ 70,019,000		Final - Jun 96 £ 85,620,000	+22.3%	REV	Final - Sep 95 £ 32,018,000		Final - Sep 96 £ 87,644,000	+173.7%
PBT	£ 2,684,000 11.10p		£ 3,235,000 13.00p			£ 2,564,000 4,70p		£ 6,953,000 5.36p	
		CBT Grou	o plc				M.A.I.D	plc	
HEV	1nterim - Oct 95 £ 48,079,000	£ 103,282,000	£ 55,497,000	+15.4%	REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 5,762,000	£ 13,642,000	£ 9,584,000	+66.3%
PBT	£ 1,748,000 1.71p	£ 6,515,000	£ 3,367,000			£ 408,000 0.33p			
		DCS Grou					MMT Comput	ting plc	
HEV	Final - Jun 95 £ 8,694,833		Final - Jun 96 £ 30,482,000	+250.6%	REV	Final - Aug 95 £ 13,957,949	<u> </u>	Final - Aug 96 £ 16,861,201	+20.8%
PBT EPS	£ 609,530 5.02p		£ 2,366,000 8.31p			£ 3,075,053 16.30p		£ 4,531,686 24.60p	
	DRS Dat Interim - Jun 95		h Services	plc		Final - Jun 95	M-R Group	pic Final - Jun 96	Comparision
REV	£ 4,269,000	£ 6,468,000	£ 2,918,000	-31.6%	PBT	£ 41,429,000)}	£ 38,361,000	-7.4%
PBT EPS	£ 512,000 0.95p	1.33p	-0.72			£ 1,309,000 1.60p		£ 4,810,000 5.70p	+256.3%
	Interim - Jun 95	Delphi Grou Final - Dec 95	p plc Interim - Jun 96	Comparision		Interim - Jun 95	final - Dec 9	Systems Grou	Disconstruction
PBT	£ 83,168,000 £ 4,101,000	£ 175,006,000	£ 100,174,000	+20.4%	REV	£ 79,145,000 -£ 1,673,000	£ 146,805,000	£ 60,540,000	-23.5%
EPS		25.42p	15.10				-37.02	-9.39p	
	Final -Oct 95	Division Gro	J Final - Oct 9	Companision		Final - Jun 9	Macro 4	Final - Jun 96	Comparision
HEV	£ 4,830,000		£ 4,900.00 -£ 1,678,00	1 +1.4%		£ 25,035,000 £ 11,602,000	<u>D</u>	£ 25,317,000 £ 12,147,000	+1.1%
EPS		1	-3.80			11,802,000		37.50p	
	Final - Jun 95	Druid Grou	IP PIC Final - Jun 9	5] Comparision		Interim - Jul 9	Micro Focu		Comparision
REV	£ 6,159,000		£ 12,013,00 £ 3,011,00	+95.0%	REV	£ 36,802,000 -£ 4,470,000	E 77,258,000	£ 34,140,000	-7.2%
EPS			1 n/i			-30.00	-43.60	-62.20p	
	Final - Dec 94	Eidos	Final - Mar 9	6) Comparision		Final - Oct 9	licrogen Hol	dings plc	Comparision
PBT	£ 254,225	1	£ 3,706,00 -£ 1,949,00	0} n/a	REV	£ 69,029,000 £ 8,383,000	5	Final - Oct 96 £ 73,391,000 £ 8,783,000	+6.3%
EPS	-4.16p		-44.60		EPS	14.80		15.10p	

February 1997

____ System House =

0110	ted Com	nanies	Results S	anvice	Niet	Shaded Dearth	announce d th to	onth	
000		Microvitec	plc		1	Shaded = Results Recogr	ition Systen	ns Group plo	;
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 26,550,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 55,050,000	Interim - Jun 96			Final - Sep 95 £ 669,000		Final - Sep 96 E 324,000	Comparision -51.6%
PBT	£ 1,607,000 1,47p	£ 3,411,000 3.10p	£ 1,610,000	+0.2%	PBT	-£ 397,000		-£ 1,266,000 -5.50p	Loss both
		Misvs r	olc	and the state of the			Riva Group	o plc	
REV	Interim -Nov 95 £ 129,528,000	£ 279,867,000	Interim - Nov 96 £ 142,809,000	+10.3%	REV	E 34,718,000	£ 73,022,000	E 52,348,000	Comparision -6.8%
PBT EPS	£ 19,216,000 16,90p	£ 50,437,000 44.00p	£ 23,665,000 20,30p	+23.2%	PBT	£ 58,000 -0.20p	0.10p	-3.00p	Profit to loss Loss both
	Final - Apr 95	Mondas		Comparision		Interim - Aug 95	Final - Feb 96	an plc	Comparision
PBT	£ 133,300 -£ 232,066		£ 134,176 -£ 167,966	+0.7%	REV	£ 7,661,000 £ 1,074,000	£ 17,128,000	£ 8,630,000	+12.6% +3.1%
EPS	n/a	looropour Cr	n/a			5.35p	12.33p	5.57p	+4.1%
	Interim - Jun 95}	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96			Interim - Jul 95		Interim - Jul 96	Comparision
PBT	£ 2,342,152 £ 666,324	£ 4,632,538 £ 1,142,110	£ 851,417	+27.8%	PBT	£ 1,614,000 £ 105,000	£ 257,430	£ 128,000	+23.3% +21.9%
EPS	5.88p	10.22p SB Internation	onal plc		EPS	1.50p		and the second se	+13.3%
HEV	Interim - Jul 95	Final - Jan 96 £ 38,555,000	Interim - Jul 96	Comparision +90.9%	REV	Final - Sep 95 £ 102,234,000	Sage Grou	Final - Sep 961	Comparision +33.3%
PBT	£ 1,370,000	£ 3,420,000	£ 2,166,000	+58.1%	PBT	£ 22,362,000		£ 30,053,000	+34.4%
EPS	4.80p{	4.90p OmniMedia	plc		EPS	13.88p Sanc		18.50p ronics plc Final - Sep 96	+33.3%
REV	Interim - Jun 95{ £ 199,962}	Final - Dec 95 £ 275,275	Interim - Jun 96 £ 250,684	+25.4%		Final - Sep 95 £ 57,801,000		£ 61,385,000{	Comparision +6.2%
PBT EPS	-£ 279,137 -1.76p	-£ 1,023,344 -6.06p	-£ 670,769	Loss both	PBT	£ 5,305,000 8.80p	A DECEMPENT OF A DECEMPENT	£ 6,201,000 10,10p	+16.9%
	On D	emand Infor	mation plc	114			Sema Grou	p plc	
HEV	Final - Jul 95 £ 8,786,000		Final - Jul 96 £ 11,429,000	+30.1%	HEV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 321,892,000	£ 677,726,000	£ 426,919,000	Comparision +32.6%
PBT	-£ 3,646,000 -7.20p		-£ 2,900,000 -5.60p			£ 16,034,000 10.47p			+23.2% +26.4%
	0	xford Molec	Contraction of the Owner of the			Sher	wood Intern	ational plc	
REV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 2,832,000	£ 6,179,000	£ 4,350,000	+53.6%		Interim - Jun 95 £ 13,195,000	£ 26,246,000		-10.6%
PBT	-£ 2,112,000 -4.20p	-£ 3,693,000 -7.20p				£ 615,000 5.90p			+14.6% -5.1%
	Interim - May 95	P & P p Final - Nov 951	Ic Interim - May 969	Comparision		Sp	Final - Dec 95	Iting plc	Comparision
PBT	£ 171,100,000 £ 6,200,000	£ 341,990,000 £ 12,574,000	Interim - May 96 £ 179,200,000 £ 6,500,000	Comparision +4.7% +4.8%		£ 3,329,000 £ 192,000	£ 7,379,000 £ 902,000	£ 4,040,000 £ 602,000	+21.4%
EPS	£ 6,200,000 5.30p	11.00p	5.80p	+9.4%		£ 192,000 0.90p	4.43p	3.10p	+244.4%
	Interim - Jun 95	Parity p Final - Dec 951	Ic Interim - Jun 96	Comparision		Interim - Jun 951	Staffware Final - Dec 95	pic Interim - Jun 96)	Comparision
PBT	£ 61,512,000 £ 3,069,000	£ 127,711,000 £ 6,540,000	£ 76,363,000	+24.1%	PBT	£ 1,819,534 £ 146,380	£ 4,267,360	£ 4,044,061{	+122.3% +9.2%
EPS	4.82p	10.34p	6.75p		EPS	0.70p	3.90p	0.40p	-42.9%
	Interim - Jun 95}	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96	Comparision		Final - Jul 95	Superscape	Final - Jul 961	Comparision
PBT	£ 3,038,000 £ 172,000	£ 6,426,000 £ 893,000	£ 511,000		PBT	£ 1,590,000 -£ 1,746,000		£ 3,888,000 -£ 2,873,000	+144.5% Loss both
EPS	1.80p{	10.30p		+261.1%	EPS	-30.70p	Integrated	-37.90p	Loss both
REV	Interim - Jun 95	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96	Comparision +163.0%	REV	Interim - Nov 95	Final - May 96 £ 1,246,000	Interim - Nov 96	Comparision n/a
PBT	£ 1,350,000 6.88p	£ 2,832,000 14,41p	£ 2,707,000	+100.5%	PBT	n/a n/a	-£ 642,000	-£ 1,194,000	n/a n/a
		PhoneLink	plc				Total System	ns plc	
REV	Interim - Sep 95 £ 2,103,000	Final - Mar 96 £ 4,356,000	£ 2,155,000;	+2.5%		Interim - Sep 95 £ 1,273,331	£ 2,892,802		Comparision +16.1%
PBT EPS	-£ 2,712,000 -7.30p	-£ 6,711,000 -17.30p	-£ 3,152,000 -6.70p			-£ 54,488 -0.44p	£ 222,329 1.60p		Loss to profit Loss to profit
	Prot	eus Internat	tional plc			Т	ace Comput	ers plc	
HEV	£ 30,000]	£ 1,063,000	Interim - Sep 96 £ 413,000	+1276.7%	HEV	Final - May 95 £ 19,676,832		Final - May 961 £ 20,534,553	Comparision +4.4%
PBT	-£ 3,618,000 -9.75p	-£ 5,395,000 -14.53p	-£ 1,820,000 -3.67p	Loss both Loss both	PBT EPS	£ 482,746 2.53p		-£ 5,135,296 -35.88p	Profit to loss Profit to loss
1	Interim - Jun 95	Final - Dec 95		comparision	······	Interim - Sep 95]	Triad Group Final - Mar 96	Interim - Sep 96}	Comparision
REV	£ 10,115,000 £ 805,000	£ 21,385,842 £ 502,697	£ 11,797,000 -£ 1,117,000	+16.6%	PBT	£ 3,720,000 £ 778,000	£ 11,680,000 £ 2,131,000	£ 8,350,000}	+124.5% +56.7%
EPS	9.20p	5.20p	-8.60p		EPS	2.51p	7.09p	3.22p	+28.3%
	Final - Sep 95		Final - Sep 96 £ 99,032,000	Comparision		Interim - Oct 951 £ 7,260,000	Final - Apr 96 £ 16,032,000	D plc Interim - Oct 961 £ 8,826,0001	Comparision +21.6%
PBT	£ 80,691,000 £ 5,023,000		£ 6,806,000	+35.5%	PBT	£ 1,271,000	£ 3,452,000	£ 1,405,000}	+10.5%
EPS {	18.80p}	Radius n	25.10p}		EPS 1	5.90pi	16.16p) /irtuality Gro		+7.6%
HEV	Interim - Jun 95	Final - Dec 95	Interim - Jun 96 £ 13,934,000	Comparision +3.8%	REV	Interim - Jun 951 £ 6,269,0001	Final - Dec 95 £ 12,779,000	up pic Interim - Jun 961 £ 3,541,0001	Comparision -43.5%
PBT	£ 835,000 1.96p	£ 1,809,000 4.37p	£ 1,006,000 2.40p		PBT	-£ 583,000 -2.20p	-£ 565,000 -2.10p	-£ 3,783,000	Loss both
101		Rage Softwa	are pic				Wakebourne	e pic	
REV	Final - Jun 95 £ 9,154,000		Final -Jun 96 £ 9,504,000	+3.8%	HEV	Interim - Jun 95 £ 18,848,000	Final - Dec 95 £ 36,714,000	£ 16,145,000}	Comparision -14.3%
PBT	£ 969,000 0.51p		-£ 3,224,000 -1.34p	Profit to loss		-£ 356,000 -1.10p	-£ 3,384,000 -12.20p	£ 212,000}	Loss to profit Loss to profit
	Re	al Time Cor	trol plc			Xavie		Group plc	
REV	E 5,325,000	£ 11,903,000}	Interim - Sep 96 £ 6,314,000	+18.6%		Period - Mar 96 £ 457,000	£ 1,201,884	£ 3,740,000]	Comparision n/a
PBT EPS	£ 742,000 7.10p	£ 2,207,000 20.80p	£ 1,156,000 11.00p	+55.8% +54.9%	PBT	-£ 86,000 -0.26p	£ 70,472 n/a	0.33p	n/a n/a
	Interim - Sep 95}	Rebus Grou	p plc Interim - Sep 96;	Comparision		Interim - Oct 951	Final - Apr 96		Comparision
PBT	£ 28,293,000 -£ 356,000	£ 60,040,000 £ 1,969,000	£ 30,255,000 £ 2,313,000	+5.4%		£ 4,005,000 -£ 479,000	£ 8,483,877 -£ 214,693	£ 4,671,000 £ 237,000	+16.6% Loss to profit
EPS	-0.32p	0.33p		Loss to profit		-5.47pl	-2 214,050 n/a		Loss to profit

UK M&A

Dealership **Portable Computers** has been sold to US **Elcom** for £7m. **Cap Gemini UK (Hoskyns)** has sold its NHS business to US healthcare specialist **HBO**. 70 staff and 100 customer contracts will transfer. HBO bought **Oracle** UK's healthcare operations in 1995.

Ex-ACT Lindsay Bury's **Casewise** (modelling software) has raised \$1.6m in the US implying a £11.6m valuation. A US or UK float is planned. Hot on the heels of its acquisition of **Data Translation Networking**, Peter Rigby's **Specialist Computer Holdings** has acquired network distributor **Qudis**. **Rage Software** (games) has bought out the remaining 20% of **Splinter** for £500K. **Software City** is said to be *"a week away from liquidation"* according to MicroScope. **Bitstream** has acquired **Mainstream Software Solutions**.

Time Open Systems Ltd (advised by Broadview) which develops Windows NT based financial applications, has been acquired by US Software 2000 for \$9m.

Torex acquired three companies in Dec. 96 (see Jan. 97 *System House*) turning itself from a tool hire company into an IT services operation. However, its £1.93m rights issue received only 49% acceptances. That was a bit surprising given that the issue was at 43p but Torex shares were at 50p when the offer closed.

Reuters (which some consider to be the largest UK-owned SCSI operation) has acquired a 49% stake in **BisNews Information Services** (real time news to the Thai financial markets) for £10.6m.

Delphi has completed its purchase of **SystemLink** (*"US IT consultancy and IT staff agency"*) for \$2.6m. We reported on this back in Nov. 96 when Delphi announced their £7.3m placing. SystemLink had operating profits of \$500K on revenues of \$4.8m with estimated revenues of >\$5m in 1996 and profits *"at the same level as 1995"*. **Superscape** have raised £1.8m in a placing at 440p.

SHL Systemhouse has acquired PC ServicePartners Inc. - a PC services operation with 225 employees in Canada. The seller was IBM Canada Ltd. Relevant now, of course, because SHL Systemhouse is owned by MCI which in turn is in the process of being acquired by BT. So it's a British SCSI acquisition!!!

Philip Noden, one of the founders of **Sanderson Electronics**, has joined Paul Thompson in selling much of his shareholding this month. The Sunday Times concluded *"some profit taking is timely"*.

Sema has been selected as the preferred bidder for BR Business Systems - the IT dept. of BR which has over 1100 staff and rev. of £87m. It had net assets of £13.2m. We are not completely sure of the consideration but it is rumoured at around £50m. This is yet more growth for Sema's booming outsourcing activities and must have come as a disappointment for rival bidders Cap Gemini (Hoskyns), Andersen Consulting and ICL (CFM).

Infobank International which "provides electronic commerce systems for the purchase of business products by corporates from approved suppliers" is coming to AIM in early Feb. raising £8m and valuing the group at c£20m.

Computacenter prospers

Computacenter has announced UK rev up 60% at £803m (plus French rev. of FFr650m = c£80m) for 1996. Op. profits increased from £13.5m to £38m - a margin of 4.7%.

These results are truely sparkling - more detailed profile later.

Anite - now a fully fledged SCSI company This month Anite (previously Cray Electronics) has announced the sale of CASE Technology (Denmark) to INTEL for £42m cash. Considering that this part of the operation had lost £8m on rev. of £16m in the year to 30th Apr. 96, the consideration was remarkable. "This is at least one transaction when Broadview Associates earned their fee" we were told! Case UK has been sold for £1m to Nileband whose directors are ex-Cray Chairman Roger Holland and Mark Lunt - the new MD brought in by Jon Richard last year. In addition Anite will provide up to £4m working capital + other assistance. Case UK had lost £13m on rev. of £39m in the year to 30th Apr. 96. As previously reported, Case US had been sold for \$14m to Osicom in Sept. 96... "the divestments announced today successfully conclude Anite's exit from data comms manufacturing enabling it to focus resources on its core strengths" i.e. its SCSI activities.

But, have no doubt, this metamorphosis has come at a heavy price. Interim results for the six months to 31st Oct. 96 show (not that surprisingly) revenues down 20% at £103.5m and a loss before tax of £63.4m...a sector record! Interestingly, the proforma net loss on all the disposals was only £4m. The major part of the loss was the operating loss in the period of discontinued businesses and a £21.9m surplus property cost provision.

The continuing SCSI bits recorded revenues of £77.4m and op. profits of £3m in the six months to 31st Oct. 96. Mike Shone's **Anite Systems** had a particularly good period with PBT up 38% at £2.8m and rev. up 5% at £39m - a quite acceptable 7.3% margin. Major new £1m+ orders had been booked with EC, CONAE, ESA, Standard Life. **Anite Networks**, however, suffered a 14% reduction in revenues to £38.6m and minimal (but at least static) profits of £215K.

Both operations were profitable and cash generative. Indeed, although we were not surprised at the high cost of the disposals, the cash was a positive surprise. Anite's proforma balance sheet would have showed £17m in cash and zero gearing.

All the hardware-oriented bad news has undoubtedly caused Anite to lose business or, at least, to see decisions delayed pending a more stable future. This is now behind them. Anite should now be valued as a SCSI company. When the dust settles, analysts are suggesting PBT of £10.6m equating to prospective P/E of 13. Even though Anite's shares have risen by 41% to 52p this month, that's about half the industry average and about a third commanded by high flyers like FI Group, Logica etc. So either Anite's value rises or they are more vulnerable than ever to a predator.

Intelligent Environments buys in US

Intelligent Environments has a range of development tools - like its Amazon internet building application. IE were an AIM new entrant in June 96 at 94p.

This month they have acquired **Intrepid Consulting Inc.** "a US systems implementation consulting firm" for \$1.625m now + \$1.375m performance related products. IE also announced that its results for the year to Dec. 96 will be close to the board's expectations of £3.5m rev. and pretax losses of less than £1.5m. However "significant rev. growth will be achieved in 1997". IE shares had slipped to a low of 63p but have recovered to end Jan. 97 on 76p. That still implies a market valuation of £16.9m.

== System House =

February 1997

7

IMR acquires Link

We are sure many readers know Philip Shipperlee as the Chairman of the CSSA SME Group. He and his wife Sheila also founded **Link** in 1980 as a development/application management supplier. Since then Link has grown to revenues of around £6.9m with PBT of £121K in the year to 31st May 96. They employ 80 staff.

In 1995 Link formed a 50:50 JV with US Information Management Resources to form IMR-UK which had revenues of \$3m in the 9 months to Sept. 96.

IMR itself was formed by an Englishman - Satish Sanan and provides similar services to Link in the US but often using services sourced from India (see below). IMR was a NASDAQ IPO in Nov. 96 at \$14 and has risen to \$26 since; giving a value of \$252m. Pretty good considering that IMR had revenues of only \$22.7m and profits of \$2.5m in FY95.

This month IMR has acquired Link and its JV stake in IMR-UK for \$5.5m - \$2.1m now in cash, \$1.7m in IMR shares and the rest in cash in 12 months hence. Shipperlee stays on as UK MD...and as an avid *System House* reader we hope!

Indian SCSI prospers

IMR owns a software development operation in Bangalore, India and therefore is clearly a contributor to the quite



exceptional growth in the Indian SCSI. Figures issued this month by their equivalent of the CSSA, show revenues up 60% with exports likely to exceed \$1b in the year to end Mar. 97. The key growth area is Indian companies offering services to overseas clients from India... conversely Indian software products exports represent just 10% of exports. Given the quality of Indian software experts and that their costs can be a fifth of those in the US, it is not surprising that so many companies are looking East.

AEA Technology acquires SCSI company

Perhaps the greatest difficulty we have is choosing who is - and who is not - an SCSI company. HM Govt. privatised the **Atomic Energy Authority's** (AEA) Technology operations which then went on to a main market float at 280p in Sept. 96. At that stage we decided they were too science and engineering based to be included. In Dec. 96, AEA undertook their first major acquisition buying **BR Research** for £10.8m. As this just took AEA deeper into engineering we also ignored it.

But this month AEA has acquired **Advanced Scientific Computing** (ACS) of Canada. "The acquisition of ACS, a market leader in mechanical fluid dynamics software, is the first in the software field since AEA's recent privatisation". AEA is paying C\$15m (£6.7m) in cash in four equal tranches over 3 years. ACS had revenues of £2.2m and op. profit of £120K in the year to 31st Mar. 96. It seems a good fit for AEA which will now be able to sell ACS's software in Europe and Asia Pacific as well as expanding AEA's presence in America.

AEA itself, where (ex IBMer) Sir Tony Cleaver is Chairman and Steve Shirley is a non exec, recently reported revenues up just 3% at £112m and PBT of £5.3m in the six months to 30th Sept. 96. Profits are, however, expected to be static at around £23m in the full year. Analysts currently forecast PBT of £29m in FY98.

UK NASDAQers

Insignia issued a profits warning this month...indeed a loss is expected in Q4 96. Shares had already been the worst performer and ended Jan. on \$4.19 - compared with their IPO price of \$12 in Nov. 95.

Select Tools, a UK NASDAQer launched in Dec. 96, has this month acquired the Systems Engineer product range (which has over 15,000 users) from LBMS for \$2m cash. It involves the transfer of 11 UK-based development people and some of the maintenance revenues we reported for the new LBMS UK MBO. Select has been one of the better UK NASDAQers with the share price up 21% since launch at \$16.88 at the end of Jan. 97.

UK NASDAQer **Dr. Solomon**'s (the anti virus company) has reported "strong revenues and earnings for Q2 to 30th Nov. 96". Indeed revenues were up 90% at £8.7m, PBT up a massive 238% at £1.54m. Dr. Solomon's came to NASDAQ in Nov. 96 at \$17 which valued the company at \$310m. Since then the shares have risen by 45% to end Jan. 97 on \$24.63 - valuing them at \$449m. Proof - if you still need it - that NASDAQ values products companies far more highly than the UK.

US transactions

Some US acquisitions caught our eye this month for a variety of reasons.

Ex-Oracle/CSSA President Geoff Squire's **Openvision** was acquired by US **Veritas** in a share pooling deal worth \$400m. Openvision was an IPO at \$14 in May 96 but had sunk to \$8 since before recovering to \$13.5 just before the deal. Anyway the \$400m valuation ain't bad for a company with annual revenues of \$30m!

Squire stays on as co-Chairman reporting to Veritas' Mark Leslie. But we can't see that lasting for long!

SunGard announced the acquisition of GMI for \$30m. The reason this caught our eye is that GMI provides derivatives software and Rolfe & Nolan is its main (only?) competitor in the US. Many observers suggest this is very good news for R&N whose shares rose by 15% this month.

Proteus - back from the brink?

We seem to have expected the worst from **Proteus** (molecular modelling software to assist in drug/vaccine development) for many years. Last Jan. 96 it was saved at the bell by **ML Laboratories** which backed a £9m/45p rights issue. But the shares have hit a 29p low since.

Proteus is still heavily loss-making (£1.8m in the six months to 30th Sept. 96) but at least Proteus made some revenue; albeit just £413K.

Shares ended Jan. 97 down 23% on 29p. - a long long way from the 500p high achieved in 1992! But with \pounds 9m cash in the bank, the current \pounds 16m valuation hardly seems high for this high flying sector.

Division still disappoints

Division - which specialises in virtual reality software was (or at least should have been) a great white hope for the UK software industry. It was a new issue in 1995 at 138p. But, two years on, rev. is static at £4.9m although, at least, losses have been halved to £1.7m. The board reckons that the emphasis for the coming year *"will be on the move towards profitability"* with more emphasis on SCSI and less on hardware sales whether their own or 3rd party.

Division ended Jan. 97 on 55p - around 40% of its new issue pricing.



SCSI Share Index starts 1997 in buoyant mood

Our SCSI Index recorded a 7% rise in Jan. - three times the rise in the FTSE100.

MDIS headed the list with a 48% rise - they had been even higher as a result of various "Tips for 1997" before small investors took gains. Anite (p7) was up 41% on sale of the hardware side. Newly converted SCSI company - Torex was also up 35%. Indeed almost half the compnies in the Index rose by 10% or more.

Staffware (p3) fell 27% on profits warning soon after their AIM float. Proteus (p8) fell 23% and Virtuality (down 20%) reflected a lack of confidence in virtual reality stocks.

29-Jan-97	SCSI Inde FTSE 100 BDO AIM FTSE SmallCa	2865.04 4207.50 1462.10 2292.17		
Changes in Indices	SCSI Index	FTSE 100	BDO AIM Index	FTSE
Month (31/12/96 - 29/1/97)	+7.01%	+2.16%	+7.85%	+5.00%
From 15th Apr 89	+186.50%	+104.88%		
From 1st Jan 90	+211.38%	+78.13%	Sector 1	and speed
From 1st Jan 91	+304.74%	+94.76%		
From 1st Jan 92	+174.20%	+68.77%	SUNDER N	Date of the second
From 1st Jan 93	+79.79%	+47.81%		+65.22%
From 1st Jan 94	+71.60%	+23.08%	Creater I and	+22.66%
From 1st Jan 95	+91.11%	+37.25%		+31.25%
From 1st Jan 96	+26.86%	+14.05%	14.04%	+18.06%
From 1st Jan 97	+7.01%	+2.16%	7.85%	+5.00%

House SCSI Share Prices Capitalisation System and Share price Share price Capitalisation Capitalisation Capitalisation % move Share Price CSI Index % move move (£m) Historic Ratio move (£m) since 31/12/96 29/1/97 (£p) 29/1/97(£m) P/E Cap./Rev 29/1/97 in 1997 since 31/12/96 in 1997 £ 259.90m 14909.20 13.01% 13.01% £30.00m £30.00m Admiral £4.13 42.1 3.97 £1.18 £0.52 £ 11.70m £ 122.10m n/a 0.46 979.17 301.17 41.10% -15.77% -£2.20m £35.60m -£2.20m £35.60m AFA Systems n/a Anite (was Cray) Loss Azlan Cadcentre £5.94 £2.68 18.9 33.7 1.07 2582.61 1337.50 4.67% 4.67% £10.00m £1.90m £ 210.90m £10.00m £ 44.40m £1.90m 46.6 26.3 3.78 Capita £5.64 £ 329,10m 6921.92 15.83% 15 83% £45 00m £45.00m £2.46 £ 77.80m 2338.10 -1.80% -1.80% -£1.40m -£1.40m Cedardata CES £0.80 £1.70 £ 5.92m 11.0 27.1 1.98 888.89 -4.19% -4.19% -£0.26m -£0.26m Chemical Design £ 11.10m 17.24% 6.13 1545.45 £1.66m £1.66m **Clinical Computing** £0.34 £ 8.41m Loss 3.81 270.16 11.67% 11.67% £0.88m £0.88m £ 657.00m CMG £10.25 46.1 3.34 3534.48 22.02% 22.02% £118.60m £118.60m £1.27 50.6 17.679 17.67% Coda £ 35.20m 1.04 538.30 £5.30m £5.30m Compel CRT Group 10.48 £15.00m -£32.70m £15.00m -£32.70m £1.66 £ 41.90m 12.9 1324.00 -6.23% -6.23% £2.26 £ 308.50m -9.60% -9.60% 28.4 2511.11 DCS Group Delphi Group £ 48.50m -6.48% -6.48% £2.53 31.9 4208.33 -£3.30m -£3.30m 1.59 £ 260.60m £9.05 £49.60m £49.60m 31.5 1.49 3724.28 Division Group £0.55 £ 24.00m Loss 20.7 46.9 4.90 1362.50 -0.91% -0.91% -£0.10m -£0.10m DRS Data & Research 12.24% £0.28 £ 9.41m 1.45 250.00 £1.03m £1.03m 26.76% 26.76% Druid .31 £ 98.70m 8.22 1567.27 £20.90m £20.90m Loss 12.0 52.1 Eldos £9.35 £ 159.90m 43.10 9350.00 £63.80m £63.80m Electronic Data Processing FI Group £ 21.00m £ 177.50m 1.47 2449.48 2542.55 15.94% £2.90m £8.70m £0.80 15.94% £2.90m £5.98 5.10% £8.70m £ 5.89m £ 19.80m 1769.23 £0.38m £2.60m Flomerics .30 23.2 1.42 6.98% 6.98% £0.38m £2 Gresham Computing 19.1 17.6 9.3 54.4 £0.61 15.24% 15.24% £2.60m Highams Systems £0.02m £0.02m £1 .20 £ 10.60m 0.80 1666.67 -12.09% -12.09% £1.46 £ 6.69m 0.31 1455.00 0.34% 0.34% Intelligent Environments £ 16.90m 803.19 16.15% 16.15% £0 .76 4.23 £2.40m £2.40m £ 234,40m £53.70m JBA Holdings £6.88 41.1 1.88 4296.88 29.72% 29.72% £53.70m 2.33% 2.33% £1.00m £1.00m Kalamazoo £1.10 £ 32.00m 0.48 3142.86 11.3 17.0 £ 78.90m 2.24 2.18 18.62% Kewill £6.21 2454.55 18.62% £12.40m £12.40m £9.76 £ 621.40m 36.5 34.6 17.8 17.2 13.0 2672.60 6.21% £38.20m £38.20m Logica £ 71.00m £ 93.50m 2.44 4150.00 2387.50 23.51% £32.70m £8.80m £32.70m £8.80m I orien £4.15 23.51% Lynx Holdings M-R Group £0.96 10.40% £ 51.90m £ 96.50m 369.05 1975.81 9.41% 9.41% £4.50m £0.00m £4.50m £0.00m £0.93 .35 Macro 4 £4.90 3.81 £1.70 £0.49 £ 155.40m £ 51.40m 11.39 1540.91 188.46 -15.88% -15.88% -£29.40m £16.80m MAID Loss £29.40m McDonnell IS (MDIS) £16.80m Loss £ 166.80m 2.16 13.14% £20.30m Micro Focus £10.98 Loss 5301.93 13.14% £20.30m Microyitec £ 61.60m £ 19.60m £1.58 £0.25 675.21 5.33% £2.40m £2.40m 10.3 8.3 0.36 609.76 -12.28% -12.28% -£2 80m -£2.80m £ 946.70m Misys MMT Computing 3.38 2767.41 -0.36% -£3.40m -£3.40m £11.13 23.4 4.13 38.23 2.45% 2.45% £5.85 £ 69.60m 25.3 3482.14 £2.20m £2.20m Mondas £0.83 £ 4.97m 1100.00 -£0.06m -£0.06m Loss Moorepay MSB International £ 26.20m £ 94.10m 5.66 4156.63 2439.47 23.21% £4.90m £18.80m £3.45 33.8 23.21% £4.90m £4.64 25.10% £18.80m 31.2 OmniMedia £0.10 £ 2.46m 8.95 133.33 5.26% 5.26% £0.12m £0.12m Loss On Demand £0.39 £ 21.20m Loss 1.85 493.59 -14.44% -14.44% -£3.60m -£3.60m Oxford Molecular P&P £19.50m £3.88 £ 236.30m 38.24 4850.00 8.999 8.99% £19.50m £1.79 £ 144.00m £ 217.80m 16.0 0.42 800.45 15 16% 15.16% £18.90m £18,90m Parity £5.13 28472.12 15.82% £29.70m 15.82% £29.70m Pegasus Persona Phonelink £3.88 £ 24.80m 26.0 3.86 1057.22 3.74% 3.74% £1.20m £1.20m £ 84.90m £ 24.60m £3.43 £0.51 2140.63 10.849 10.84% £8.30m £8.30m 1.59 Loss 5.64 329.03 -16.39% -16.39% -£4.60m -£4.60m £0.29 £2.15 Proteus Quality Software 15.90m 15.00 345.24 -22.679 -22.67% -£4.70m -£4.70m Loss £ 27.90m 41.3 1.30 565.79 5.39% -3.17% 0.00% 5.39% £1.40m £1.40m Radius -3.17% -£0.50m £0.50m £0.61 17.10m 0.66 442.03 £ Loss 10.3 17.0 £0.12 27.90m 442.31 2.94 Real Time Control £ 17.90m £ 63.40m 9.689 9.68% £1.60m £10.60m £1.60m £10.60m £2.55 .50 5204.08 Rebus £0.69 1.06 778.41 51.88 0.10 1.23 3.07 £ 16.60m £ 7.10m £ 121.90m **Recognition Systems** £0.62 Loss 235.0 878.57 5.139 5.13% £0 80m £0.80m £0.00m Riva £0.24 £0.00m 26.6 33.3 18.9 3914.29 4970.24 £6.85 10.489 10.48% £11.50m £11.50m Rolfe & Nolan 15.17% 15.17% £6.90m £0.00m £6.90m £4.18 £ 52.60m Romtec £0.00m £0.81 £ 4.19m 1.27 1288.00 Sage Group Sanderson Electronics 5.47% 5.47% £32.20m £3.70m £32.20m £3.70m £5.59 £ 600.90m 30.2 4.41 21500.00 £1.57 £ 71.40m 1,233.00m 15.6 43.5 1.16 2663.83 Sema Group 3482.70 2.07% £26.00m £26.00m £11.08 £ 1.82 2.079 £ 17.20m £ 21.10m Sherwood £2.00 12.1 0.66 1666.67 2 56% 2.56% £0.40m £0.40m Spargo Consulting 15.81% £2.90m £2.90m £1.69 15.819 25.3 55.4 1773.68 2.86 26.78% -26.78% Staffware £1.90 £ 22.00m 844.44 -£8.00m -£8.00m £4.65 £5.70m £5.70m 10.05 Superscape £ 39,10m Loss 2348.48 Systems Integrated £0.18 £0.28 £ 2.35m £ 2.75m Loss 1.90 152.17 0.00% 0.00% £0.00m £0.00m 8.2 23.8 -£0.15m Total 0.95 518.87 -5.179 -5.17% -£0.15m £0.70 £0.46 34.95% 30.00% 34.95% Torex £ 21.90m n/a 1349.5 £9.60m £9.60m Trace £ 6.42m 17.8 30.9 0.31 5.52 364.00 £1.49m £1.49m £2.57 £3.08 £ 64.60m £ 44.00m 22.43% 22.43% £11.90m £2.90m Triad £11.90m 2.74 1.72 0.09 Vega Group 18.6 2520.49 £2.90m Virtuality Wakebourne £0.74 £0.14 £ 22.00m £ 3.19m 435.29 -20.00% -20.00% -£5.50m -£0.23m £5.50m

£0 11 £ 5.88m Loss 4.90 3.15 1125 00 2 27 2 279 £0 13m £0.13m Xavier £ 26.70m £2.90 2974.36 Zergo 0.00% 0.00% £0.00m £0.00m 72.8 Note: CSI Index set at 1000 on 15th April 1989. Any new entrants to the Stock Exchange are allocated an index of 1000 based on the issue price. The CSI Index is not weighted; a change in the share price of the largest company has the same effect as a similar change for the smallest company.

Loss Loss

= System House

Gresham Computing looking for a merger?

Gresham Computing has reported revenues up 17% at £9.27m and PBT up 31% at £1.68m in the year to 31st Oct. 96. EPS was up 33%. Cash nearly doubled to £3.1m.

About half of Gresham's revenues come from mainframeoriented systems products. The rest comes from IT services like IT agency staff and recruitment. This side of the business recorded "strong revenue growth" and "nearly doubled profits". Indeed " further emphasis will be placed on improving our services business and this is likely to increase in importance".

On the products side "high hopes" exist for Gresham's new Casablanca "access over the Internet to corporate data held on mainframe" product.

Gresham's Chairman Hamish Donaldson said that organic growth was "insufficient" and that Gresham would "examine the possibility of an acquisition or merger with a complementary business which meets our stringent criteria for quality earnings and growth".

Gresham shares rose by 15% to 61p this month as a result. But that still means that Gresham is valued at £19.8m - or

an (updated with these results) P/E of just 19. That's quite a lot below the norm. Gresham shares were 43p a year ago in Jan. 96 but that compares to the giddy high of 186p achieved by the "Gresham wonder stock" in 1993. We wonder what will happen next?

10

Recognition Systems - High risk, high potential Recognition Systems produces intelligent software for data mining. Very much the vogue area at present with every retailer seemingly launching a loyalty card and, as a result, looking for software to help them understand their customers better. Recognition's customers are, however, more usually insurance and telecomms operators (e.g. AT&T). Recognition was one of the few main market new issues at 70p in May 96. This valued the company at £18.9m. Amazing given that rev. of just £669K and a loss of £397K was recorded in the year to 30th Sept. 95.

But the latest results are even worse. Revenues halved to an almost inconsequential \pounds 324K and losses tripled to \pounds 1266K.

But (unexpectedly coming from Holway) we believe that Recognition is exactly the kind of company UK investors should support. If we don't then US investors will instead. Recognition needed the £3.2m net from the float which was to be used to boost sales and marketing. Poor old Chairman David Bounds had been the only salesperson prior to the float. They have since appointed ex-Oracle Bryan Black as Group Sales Director and have built the team from 3 at the start of 1996 to 15 at the end. In addition two US sales offices were opened.

Of course Recognition is high risk...but it is also has enormous potential. Once that starts to be recognised, it will make a tasty acquisition target.

Shares closed Jan. up 5% at 62p.

=System House ____

Metamorphosis at Maxima

John Caim's **Maxima Group pic** has just signed off its first real accounts since its metamorphosis from **Minerva** in Jan. 95 (an acquisition which the accounts value at £2.5m) and its acquisition of **Systems Team** for £2.1m in 1995. Revenues of £12.7m and PBT of £1.26m - i.e. a 10% margin - were reported in the year to 31st May 96. Maxima's main activities are membership systems, health & social care and systems for manufacturers.

Maxima has also announced that Bill Passmore (ex DEC, Sun and current Chairman of Morse) has joined as a non exec.



COMPUTER SYSTEMS FOR BUSINESS LIMITED CSB was established in 1986. Our interest in this privately-owned SCSI company was firstly aroused when Gordon Skinner (ex-MBS, TIS, Misys) became

Chairman and took a 2% equity stake. But it increased when we discovered that CSB made two thirds of its revenues outside the UK - much of it from the old Eastern bloc.

CSB's three main UK activities are:

• construction industry where its COINS software is used by such blue chip customers as Balfour Beatty, Taylor Woodrow and Bovis Europe.

• integrated credit management where is ICM workflow software also has a blue chip customer list ranging from BAA, Dell, Europcar, Sony to Whitbread.

 distribution with its OASIS Progress-based product.
Revenues had grown steadily to £10m in the year ending 31st Mar. 96 when PBT of £909K was reported.

CSB's Polish division had hopes of joining the fledgling Polish Stock Exchange. However, this month its sale to **Computerland SA Poland** (itself one of only two IT companies quoted on the Exchange) was announced. The deal is for \$1.4m in cash plus shares (representing about 12% of Computerland's equity) which on current exchange rates are worth around £7.5m. CSB's CEO Larry Sullivan has joined the supervisory board of Computerland.

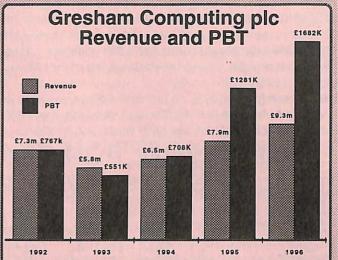
Of course the disposal means that CSB's remaining revenues will reduce to around £4m in 1997 but are expected to grow by around 25% in the following year. Clearly the balance sheet is going to look pretty strong after this transaction.

As to the future, Sullivan told us that an AIM float is a goal within two years but a merger might be on the cards before that.

Advance Notice

Please note that the CSSA "Holway Evening" has been booked for 16th July 97 - the only other talk Holway will give in 1997. This year it's at the Barbican but still spaces are limited to the first 280. Call Ollie Ross at the CSSA now on 0171 405 2171.

February 1997





ICL always seems to consummate its disposals at the eleventh hour. In other words 31st Dec. They then refuse to divulge the consideration but, when ICL's results for the year are announced, it is found that most of the profits were due to the exceptional gains on the deal.

We are not quite sure that this will be the case this year. About a year ago, when ICL turned itself into a SCSI company and declared it was giving up hardware manufacturing, it announced

that its contract electronics business **D2D** was to be sold. This month it was eventually announced that D2D had been sold to **Celestica Inc.** Of course no consideration was announced but reports suggest the consideration was considerably less than \$140m - which compares with revenues of \$560m and net assets of \$180m. Celestica was IBM's manufacturing operation in Canada and was itself acquired by **Onex** for \$750m. ICL also announced that it had sold its **S-Print** operations to a new operation called **Continua** where Rank Xerox is to have a 50% stake. Again no consideration but assets of over £100m are involved.

On the plus side, ICL in Finland has acquired the remaining 57% stake it did not already own in Visolutions Oy from Sitra.

ICL restructures

Also at the start of every year, ICL undertakes a restructuring. Nothing radical, of course, largely just rejigging the job responsibilities of the long serving directors. This year is a bit different though as three of its longest serving directors have departed. We all knew that Ninian Eadie was to retire as Fujitsu took over manufacturing responsibility. But Richard Livesey-Haworth and Paul Whitwam have also given up their executive roles.

In addition Michio Naruto has been appointed as non-exec Chairman in place of Sir Peter Bonfield. This is the first Japanese ever to take this role.

It looks as though yet another long standing ICLer - Nigel Hartnell has got the key role as MD ICL Services - which now embraces ICL CFM, ICL Network Services and ICL Education and Consultancy (incl. Peritas).

David Palk has been appointed MD of ICL Sorbus, Torsten Vieth becomes MD ICL Enterprise (Northern Europe) and Tim Gibson "will initially lead" ICL Enterprises in the rest of Europe including the UK.

Robin Hacking becomes Group Sales and Marketing Director and Andrew Boswell becomes Group Technical Director. All the other senior roles remain the same.

Comment

It seems only yesterday (well 1995 to be precise) that we were reporting ICL as - yet again - the lead supplier of SCSI to the UK market. They have since slipped to #3. When we put the rankings together this year we expect further erosion.

The comparison with IBM Global Services (UK) could not be more striking. IBM finally realised that it had to bring in new blood who really understood IT services. It also decided that one route to achieve this was an acquisition - i.e. Data Sciences. IBM has prospered as a result. ICL, in the meanwhile, has stuck to *"putting the old wine into new bottles"*. We await ICL's financial results for 1996 with interest - we do not have high expectations.

ICL needs to boost its standing by a major SCSI acquisition, getting new SCSI-oriented managers (how about Andy Roberts rejoining?) and/or by winning some major outsourcing contracts. None of this seem to be happening at present.

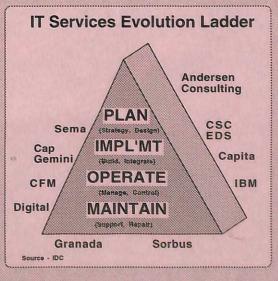
Guardian

ICL made their numbers in 1994, you may remember, by selling Guardian in a £25m Paribasbacked MBO in Dec. 94. We wrote them up in the Sept. 96 issue when revenues of £16m and profits of £3.6m were expected for 1996. 1996 was indeed a busy year with acquisitions of Allen the Computers, MDIS' disaster recovery operations and a 25% stake in SMH Associates. This month Guardian has acquired Computer Stand-By (CSB) from H Flude (Holdings) Ltd. CSB has revenues of £2.6m and around 300 customers. Its Paris base "provides a key foothold to launch Guardian's services into Europe" and pushes annualised revenues over £20m. Guardian is now the largest independent disaster recovery operation in the UK. As we have oft said, a float would be well received.

Looking for Darwin

Anthony Miller, the UK Research Manager for IDC, gave an excellent

presentation at the Regent Conference this month on the Evolution in the IT Services Market. Miller explained how some - like ICL Sorbus and Granada - were still stuck at the amoeba Whereas stage. Andersen Consulting had reached the evolutionary pinnacle. It was interesting, as shown in the diagram, where he put the others ... Miller rightly suggested that Capita were getting off the IT cycle by their



------ System House

move into debt collection and other business processes.

Comment Miller's Darwin analogy mirrors financial success - the higher up the evolutionary scale the higher the profit margins, the higher the growth rate and the higher the shareholder value. Are those at the lower end of the evolutionary scale incapable of understanding this...or just incapable of taking the required action?

11

Valuing information

Peter Rowell, MD at Regent SPIKES Associates, at his conference this

month, showed his usual table of CAVELL relative values of SCSI trade sales in 1996. Information services came out top - at nearly three times revenues.

Earlier that day Luke Spikes of information services/ market research company Spikes Cavell, announced that US NASDAQ-quoted researcher Meta Group had taken a 14.7% stake in his company for £1.5m effectively valuing it at £10.2m. Meta is valued at \$164m - about 5.5 times revenues! But how about Spikes Cavell's financial performance? Well, this is hampered as they are one of the very few companies in our database to hide behind modified accounts - which means you don't have to declare revenues at Companies House. So we dug up our review in System House Nov. 94 which read as follows:

"Luke Spikes (there is apparently no Cavell) owns around 95% of the firm. He has that wonderful youthful confidence that makes him say "we will turnover £4.5m this year, £8m next year and £16m in 1996... we aim to be a \$1 billion company by 2003". So we 'phoned Spikes again this month. "We don't want to make it easy for our competitors to know how we are doing" he said. "Did you make the £4.5m?" we asked. "Well, \$4.5m would nearer" ... of course he was now referring to 1996 not 1994!

Spikes says he is aiming for £4.7m rev. in 1997 and a float - probably on NASDAQ - within three years. Given the listing requirements of NASDAQ, Spikes will have to learn that secrecy is one thing ... hot air another.

Footnote: It looks as though Rowell's sector valuation - around three times revenues - looks spot on for Spikes Cavell. Romtec, one of the leading UK market researchers, is currently valued on AIM at about one times revenues.

Either Romtec is seriously undervalued or hot air is more highly valued than we realised.

IBM Services prosper - in the UK too!

Our view of the expertise of US analysts was hardly enhanced by their reaction to IBM's Q4 results. At the headline level revenues for 1996 rose by 5.6% to \$76b and profits were up 29% at \$5.4b. This was enough, at one time, to write over \$11b off IBM's market value (although they rose a little a week later on news of a two-for-one share split). They were fearful about the absolute decline in mainframe revenues and associated software. Indeed hardware rev. in total only grew by 2% (to \$36b), software was up a meagre 3% (at \$13.1b) - which makes the Lotus acquisition look both expensive and its timing greatly misjudged. Maintenance rev. declined by 6% (at \$7b).

But the fact that services increased by 25% to \$15.9b - now bigger than software - hardly got a mention. IBM, yet again, is the biggest IT services operation in the world. We happen to believe that the way IBM will regain the kind of "ownership" of its customers it had in the 1970s as a result of hardware will happen by way of services - outsourcing in particular.

IBM currently has a market cap. of \$81b. It's a interesting point that US SCSI companies are currently valued at twice rev. In other words, IBM could be worth more as a SCSI company if it jettisoned its hardware for ziltch. We accept that this is unlikely! But it gives a new twist to "the computerless computer company". IBM UK announced even better figures with rev. up 11% at £5,119m and PBT up 25% at £269m. No further breakdown at present but our guess is that IBM UK SCSI revenues increased from c£540m (£450m excl. Data Sciences) to nearer £700m in 1996. Indeed recent mega outsourcing wins at British Steel (at least £350m over 10 years) and General Accident (£180m over 10 years) should boost this still further in 1997.

People

It has been a month when a number of prominent and long standing industry figures have departed. Paul Whitwam, Richard Liversey Haworth and Ninian Eadie left ICL (see page 11), Barrie Morgans is to retire as Chairman/CEO of IBM UK (to be replaced by Kalil Barsoum of IBM Canada).

Also Mike Harrison has unexpectedly quit as head of Informix in Northern Europe. This occurred just a few days after Walter Koenigse was appointed over his head as VP Europe. Readers will remember that Harrison left his role as MD Oracle UK two years ago.

Mind you, judging by the past performances of other ex-database high flyers (like Geoff Squire) Informix' loss will be the VCs gain.

	ORDER FORM	and the set of the set of the set of
From:	Delivery addre	SS:
1996 Holway Report		
	with order only) Additional copies	@£450 each
System House	p.a. 🗍 "4 - copy subscription" @ £!	Sen a Site licence @ 51000 a a
	s Industry in Europe Report (Available I	
Master copy at £5,600	Additional copies @ £85	
Cheque payable to Richard Holway Ltd		
Richard Holway Ltd., 18 Great Austins,	Cheque enclosed	Please invoice my company
FARNHAM, Surrey, GU9 8JQ.		
Signed:	Date:	
System House™ is published monthly by Richard Holwa	y Limited, 18 Great Austins, FARNHAM, Surrey, GU9 8	JQ. Telephone 01252 724584; Fax: 01252
725880; E-mail Internet:100665,3460@Compuserve.com Industry in Europe Report". Richard Holway has been a c	director of several computing services companies and n	hight hold stock in companies featured.
© 1997 Holway Research Associates. The information of care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information of the inf	ontained in this publication may not be reproduced without tion contained in this document, the publishers cannot b	It the written permission of the publishers. Whilst every e held responsible for any errors or any consequences
thereof. Subscribers are advised to take independent adv		
System House	12	February 1997